Camlab Limited - Material Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification

Product Code CC/0250-CO

Product Name DIETHYL ETHER pure

Molecular Formula $(C_2H_5)_2O = 74.12$

CAS Number 60-29-7

Supplier:



CAMLAB LIMITED

Norman Way Industrial Estate Over Cambridge England CB4 5WE

Phone 01954 233110 Fax 01954 233101

Emergency Telephone 08:00-17:00 01954 233110

24hr 112 (Have this document to hand)

2. Composition

Component	CAS No	EEC No	Conc w/w	Classification & Risk Phrases	Exp (See 8.1)
Diethyl Ether	60-29-7	200-467-2	> 99.5%	F+ Xn : R12,R19,R22,R66,R67	WEL

3. Hazards Identification





Extremely flammable. May form explosive peroxides. Harmful if swallowed. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

4. First Aid Measures

Eyes Irrigate thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 10 minutes, holding the

eye open. OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION.

Skin Wash off skin thoroughly with water. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash

before re-use.

Inhalation Remove from exposure. Keep warm and at rest. If there is difficulty in breathing give

oxygen if available. If breathing stops or shows signs of failing, apply artificial resuscitation. If unconscious place in the recovery position. OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION

URGENTLY.

Ingestion If conscious give plenty of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting. If there is difficulty

in breathing give oxygen if available. If breathing stops or shows signs of failing, apply artificial resuscitation. If unconscious place in the recovery position. OBTAIN MEDICAL

ATTENTION URGENTLY.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Hazards Evacuate area immediately. Keep up wind. Avoid exposure to toxic vapours and fumes. Fire-

fighters should wear protective clothing and breathing apparatus. Vapour-air mixtures are explosive. Vapours may flow along surfaces to distant ignition sources and flash back.

Extinguishing

Media

Dry powder, carbon dioxide or vaporising liquids. Use water spray to keep fire exposed

containers cool.

Unsuitable

Do not use water jet.

Media

6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal Ensure no sources of ignition. Avoid breathing vapour. Use approved personal protective Protection equipment. Evacuate area immediately. Do not allow general use of area until it is safe to

do so. Beware : vapour is heavier than air and will tend to accumulate at low spots.

Environmental Keep material out of sewers, storm drains, surface waters and soil. Notify the

Environmental Agency and local Environmental Health Officer if major spillage occurs.

Major Spillage Contain and absorb on inert material. Transfer absorbent to salvage container for removal.

Wash area down with copious amounts of water.

Minor Spillage Contain and absorb on inert material. Transfer absorbent to container for removal. Allow

solvent to evaporate in remote area, then dispose of absorbent as solid chemical waste.

Wash area down with copious amounts of water.

7. Storage & Handling

Handling Precautions All transfer systems should be earthed to prevent accumulation of static electricity. Avoid

contact with skin and eyes. Do not breath vapours. Do not allow to contaminate clothing.

Ensure Local Exhaust Ventilation maintains vapour concentrations below the recommended

limits.

Storage Conditions Well ventilated, cool, dry storage . Protect from direct sun and store away from sources of

ignition. Keep containers closed when not in use. Keep well separated from oxidising

agents.

8.1 Workplace Exposure Limits

Workplace Exposure Limits Long Term (8hr TWA): 100.0 ppm 310.0 mg m-3 Short Term (15min Period): 200.0 ppm 620.0 mg m-3

8.2 Personal Protection

Respiratory Use L.E.V. or natural ventilation to maintain vapour concentrations below exposure limits.

If not, use a well maintained chemical cartridge organic vapour respirator, or use self

contained breathing apparatus.

Hands Use solvent resistant gloves.

Eyes Use chemical splash proof glasses or goggles.

Skin Avoid contact with skin. If skin contact or contamination of clothing is likely, protective

clothing must be worn.

9. Physical & Chemical Properties

Appearance Clear colourless liquid.

Odour Ethereal.
pH Not available
Boiling point 34.6 °C
Melting point 116.2- °C

Flash point 40.0- °C(Closed cup)

Upper Flammable Limit 36.0 % Lower Flammable Limit 1.9 % Auto Ignition 160.0 °C

Explosive properties Severe in confined spaces.

Oxidising Properties No.

Vapour Presure 442 mmHg @ 20,C

Relative Density 0.7135 Water Solubility 8.43%

10. Stability & Reactivity

Chemical Stability Stable under normal conditions but may form peroxides on prolonged storage if air is

present.

Conditions to Avoid Hot surfaces, naked flames or other sources of ignition.

Materials to Avoid Strong oxidising agents. Sulphuric acid. Nitric acid.

10. Stability & Reactivity (continued)

Hazardous None unusual. Burning will produce smoke, carbon monoxide and/or carbon dioxide.

Decomposition Products

11. Toxicological Information

Eyes Both the vapour and liquid are, irritating to the eyes but unlikely to cause serious

injury.

Skin Repeated or prolonged contact may defat the skin producing irritation and dermatitis.

Unlikely to be absorbed across the skin in harmful amounts.

LD50 Skin Not available

Ingest Ingestion of large amounts will produce symptoms resembling those of alcoholic intoxication

ie excitation and irritability. Further exposure will induce confusion, drowsiness, stupor and finally unconsciousness. Aspiration during swallowing or vomiting may injure lungs.

Death may follow due to respiratory failure.

LD50 Ingest Oral Rat 1700mg/kg

Inhalation Exposure to vapour concentrations above the occupational exposure limits may produce

irritation of the eyes, nose, throat and respiratory tract. High concentrations of vapour

will will induce confusion, drowsiness, stupor and finally unconsciousness

Carcinogenicity Not considered to be a carcinogen.

Mutagenicity Not considered to be a mutagen.

Reproductive Effects A slight increase in miscarriage rate has been reported in women exposed to solvents.

Other Information Used medicinally as an inhalation anaesthetic.

12. Ecological

Readily bio-degraded in the environment.

13. Disposal Considerations

Disposal Methods Dispose of in a licensed incinerator for organic solvents. Do not dispose of as domestic

waste. Never dispose of into water courses or sewerage systems due to high risk of

explosion.

Contaminated Packaging Use a licensed waste disposer. Do not attempt to burn any residual liquids due to risk of

 ${\tt explosion.}$

14. Transport Information

Proper Shipping Name Diethyl Ether

UN Number 1155 UN Classification 3

3 Flammable liquid

Subsidiary Risk N

None

Flash Point 40

40.0- °C(Closed cup)

Packing Group Transport Category Marine pollutant

ADR Hazard ID

I 1 No 33



15. Regulatory Information

Labelling Extremely Flammable, Harmful.

Classification

Label Symbols F+





15. Regulatory Information (continued)

Risk & safety Phrases

Extremely flammable. May form explosive peroxides. Harmful if swallowed. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Keep out of reach of children. Keep container in a well ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition - No Smoking. Do not empty in to drains. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

EEC Number 200-467-2

16. Other Information

Document Information

This document has been prepared in accordance with directive 88/379/EEC.

The information contained in this document only covers the hazards presented by this material, it DOES NOT constitute a workplace risk assessment.

Revision Date: 24/09/09.

Data reviewed and PDF file generated: 17/03/10.

Copyright 2010 Camlab Limited.