Camlab Limited – Material Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification	
Product Code	CC/2620-DH
Product Name	n-HEXANE (fraction from petroleum)
Molecular Formula	CH ₃ (CH ₂) ₄ CH ₃ =86.18
CAS Number	110-54-3
supplier: camlab	CAMLAB LIMITED Norman Way Industrial Estate Over Cambridge England CB4 5WE
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2. Composition

Component	CAS No	EEC No	Conc w/w	Classification & Risk Phrases	Exp (See 8.1)
n-Hexane	110-54-3	203-777-6	> 95.0%	F Xn N : R11,R38,R48/20,R51/53,R6	52, WEL
				R65,R67	

3. Hazards Identification



Highly flammable. Irritating to skin. Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. Toxic to aquatic organisms and may cause long term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. Possible risk of impaired fertility. Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

4. First Aid Measures		
Eyes	Irrigate thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eye open. If discomfort persists OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION.	
Skin	Thoroughly wash off skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash before re-use. In severe cases or if exposure has been great, OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION.	
Inhalation	Remove from exposure. Keep warm and at rest. If there is difficulty in breathing give oxygen if available. If breathing stops or shows signs of failing, apply artificial resuscitation. If unconscious place in the recovery position. OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION URGENTLY.	
Ingestion	If conscious give plenty of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting. If there is difficulty in breathing give oxygen if available. If breathing stops or shows signs of failing, apply artificial resuscitation. If unconscious place in the recovery position. OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION URGENTLY.	

5. Fire Fighting Measures		
Hazards	Evacuate area immediately. Keep up wind. Avoid exposure to toxic vapours and fumes. Fire- fighters should wear protective clothing and breathing apparatus. Vapour-air mixtures are explosive.	
Extinguishing Media	Foam, dry powder, carbon dioxide or vaporising liquids. Use water spray to keep fire exposed containers cool.	

5. Fire Fighting Measures (continued)

Unsuitable Media Do not use water jet.

6. Accidenta	Release	Measures

Personal Protection	Ensure no sources of ignition. Avoid breathing vapour. Use approved personal protective equipment. Evacuate area immediately. Do not allow general use of area until it is safe to do so. Beware : vapour is heavier than air and will tend to accumulate at low spots.
Enviromental	Keep material out of sewers, storm drains, surface waters and soil. Notify the Environmental Agency and local Environmental Health Officer if major spillage occurs.
Major Spillage	Contain and absorb on inert material. Transfer absorbent to salvage container for removal. Wash area down with copious amounts of water.
Minor Spillage	Contain and absorb on inert material. Transfer absorbent to container for removal. Allow solvent to evaporate in remote area, then dispose of absorbent as solid chemical waste. Wash area down with copious amounts of water.

7. Storage & Handling		
Handling Precautions	All transfer systems should be earthed to prevent accumulation of static electricity. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breath vapours. Do not allow to contaminate clothing.	
	Ensure Local Exhaust Ventilation maintains vapour concentrations below the recommended limits.	
Storage Conditions	Well ventilated, cool, dry storage . Protect from direct sun and store away from sources of ignition. Keep containers closed when not in use. Keep well separated from oxidising agents. Large quantities must be stored in accordance with the Petroleum Spirits Act.	

8.1 Workplace Exposure Limits

Component	CAS No	Workplace Expo	Workplace Exposure Limits Maximum Exposure Limits		oosure Limits
		Long Term	Short Term	Long Term	Short Term
		ppm mg m–3	ppm mg m-3	ppm mg m–3	ppm mg m-3
n-Hexane	110-54-3	20.00 72.00			

Special Hazards Can

Can be absorbed through skin.

8.2 Personal Protection		
Respiratory	Use L.E.V. or natural ventilation to maintain vapour concentrations below exposure limits. If not, use a well maintained chemical cartridge organic vapour respirator, or use self contained breathing apparatus.	
Hands	Use solvent resistant gloves.	
Eyes	Use chemical splash proof glasses or goggles.	
Skin	Avoid contact with skin. If skin contact or contamination of clothing is likely, protective clothing must be worn.	

9. Physical & Chemical Properties

Appearance	Clear colourless liquid.
Odour	Characteristic.
рH	Not available
Boiling point	69.0 °C
Melting point	95.6- °C
Flash point	22.0- °C(Closed cup)
Upper Flammable Limit	7.5 %
Lower Flammable Limit	1.2 %
Auto Ignition	223.0 °C
Explosive properties	Severe in confined spaces.
Oxidising Properties	No.
Vapour Presure	100 mmHg @ 20,C
Relative Density	0.6600

9. Physical & Chemical Properties (continued)

Water Solubility

Decomposition Products

Insoluble in water.

10. Stability & Reactivity Chemical Stability Stable under normal conditions Conditions to Avoid Hot surfaces, naked flames or other sources of ignition. Materials to Avoid Strong oxidising agents. Hazardous None unusual. Burning will produce smoke, carbon monoxide and/or carbon dioxide.

11. Toxicological Information Eyes Both the vapour and liquid will, act as an eye irritant. The liquid is mildly irritating to the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact may defat the Skin skin producing irritation and dermatitis. LD50 Skin Not available Ingestion will cause irritation of the throat with nausea and vomiting, unconsciousness may Ingest develop in extreme cases. LD50 Ingest Not available Inhalation Exposure to vapour concentrations above the occupational exposure limits will produce irritation of the eyes and respiratory tract. High concentrations of vapour may cause narcosis. Symptoms include drowsiness, mental confusion and unconsciousness. Chronic exposure can lead to loss of sensation in hands and feet and has been linked with neurotoxic effects, progressing for several months following exposure, followed by slow recovery. No information is available. Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity May be a mutagen. None identified. Reproductive Effects

12. Ecological

Moderately toxic to mammals, fish and bacteria. Toxic to aquatic organisms and may cause long term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

13. Disposal Considerations

Disposal Methods Dispose of in a licensed incinerator for organic solvents. Do not dispose of as domestic waste. Never dispose of into water courses or sewerage systems due to high risk of explosion. Contaminated Packaging Use a licensed waste disposer. Do not attempt to burn any residual liquids due to risk of

14. Transport Information

Proper Shipping Name	Hexane
UN Number	1208
UN Classification	3 Fl
Subsidiary Risk	None
Flash Point	22.0-
Packing Group	II
Transport Category	2
Marine pollutant	No
ADR Hazard ID	33

208 Flammable liquid one 2.0- °C(Closed cup) II

explosion.



15. Regulatory Information		
Labelling Classification	Highly Flammable, Harmful, Dangerous for the Environment.	
Label Symbols	F Xn Xn N	
Risk & safety Phrases	Highly flammable. Irritating to skin. Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. Toxic to aquatic organisms and may cause long term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. Possible risk of impaired fertility. Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Keep out of reach of children. Keep container in a well ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition - No Smoking. Do not empty in to drains. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.	
EEC Number	203-777-6	

16. Other Information

Document Information This document has been prepared in accordance with directive 88/379/EEC.

The information contained in this document only covers the hazards presented by this material, it DOES NOT constitute a workplace risk assessment.

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